

**Preliminary Amendment for Divisional under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53 of Application Serial No. 09/363,555 filed July 29, 1999**

A1  
CONT.

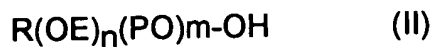
atom and two X groups represent an epoxy oxygen atom, which is attached to two adjacent carbon atoms in the R<sup>1</sup> group to form an epoxy group, and R<sup>1</sup> is an alkanetriyl group containing from 3 to 10 carbon atoms; and—

**Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 3, with the following**

**rewritten paragraph:**

A2

-- B) at least one compound having the formula II



wherein R is a substituted or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated aliphatic group having from 3 to 22 carbon atoms, n is a number of from 1 to 50, preferably from 3 to 50, and m is a number from 0 to 10; wherein the mole ratio of component A) to component B) is from about 0.60/1 to about 2/1, preferably from about 0.80/1 to about 2/1, are extremely efficient and effective emulsifiers for aqueous emulsion polymers, especially vinyl acrylic emulsion polymer systems.—

**Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 14, with the**

**following rewritten paragraph:**

A3

—With respect to the alkoxylates of formula II (component B), R can be any substituted or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated aliphatic moiety having from 3 to

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22 carbon atoms. Thus, R can be a linear or branched alkyl group, a linear or branched alkenyl or alkynyl group, a saturated carbocyclic moiety, an unsaturated carbocyclic moiety having one or more multiple bonds, a saturated heterocyclic moiety, an unsaturated heterocyclic moiety having one or more multiple bonds, a substituted linear or branched alkyl group, a substituted linear or branched alkenyl or alkynyl group, a substituted saturated carbocyclic moiety, a substituted unsaturated carbocyclic moiety having one or more multiple bonds, a substituted saturated heterocyclic moiety, a substituted unsaturated heterocyclic moiety having one or more multiple bonds. Examples of the above include but are not limited to an alkyl group having from 3 to 22 carbon atoms, an alkenyl group having from 3 to 22 carbon atoms, and an alkynyl group having from 3 to 22 carbon atoms. R can also be an arenyl group. Arenyl groups are alkyl-substituted aromatic radicals having a free valence at an alkyl carbon atom such as a benzylic group. The preferred value of R is an alkyl group having from 3 to 22 carbon atoms and most preferably an alkyl group having from 8 to 10 carbon atoms. The degree of ethoxylation is preferably from 2 to about 50 with the most preferred being from 3 to about 50 while the degree of propoxylation can vary from 0 to 10 and is preferably 0. However, the degree of propoxylation will be determined by the desired degree of water solubility or miscibility. The water solubility or miscibility will ultimately be determined by such factors as the number of carbon atoms in R, the relative amounts of OE and OP and the effect of OP on the biodegradability of the final polymeric reaction product. The water solubility or miscibility of a reaction product